VILLAGE VISIT TO GONABAVI VILLAGE

At Adoni Mandol of Kurnool District of Andhra Pradesh





MEANING OF GONABAVI

Gona, name of the tree used for treatment of mouth ulcer



Bavi means well

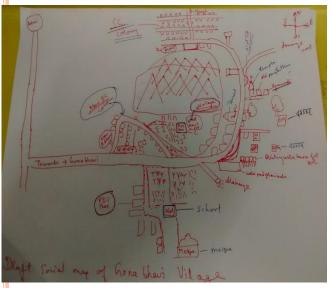


VILLAGE AT A GLANCE

Geographical area:	1230.06 acres
Population:	1285
Males:	657
Females:	628
Sex Ratio:	956
Children (below 6 years):	187 (Male-95, Female- 92)
SC:	556 (Male-290, Female- 266)
ST:	2 (Male)
Others:	727 (Male-365, Female-362)
Numbers of families:	279
Literacy rate:	41% (Male-61.39%, Female-26.31%)

Year	Major Event
1714(R)	Start of settlements by landless immigrants from nearby villages
1718(R)	Start of cultivation
1908(R)	Land records came into existence
1958	Gonabavi village came under Kurnool district from Bellary
1960	First Panchayat election
1961	Foundation of primary school
1964	Opening of primary school
1964	Electricity came to village
1964	Panchayat building inaugurated
1965	Community Radio
1979	First two wheeler (Royal Enfield)
1989	First television in the village
1989	First Tractor in village
1998	First lady Sarpanch (Vallamkka)
2000	Cable TV connection with two channels
2002	Metallic road
2003	Wireless BSNL telephone to 5 people
2005	Mobile phone in village
2006-07	Drought year
2009	Social Unrest due to land issues in the village
2009	Flood like situation
2010	Drinking water by pipeline from nearby water sum
2010	Solar street light
2011, 12	Crop damage (cotton, sunflower, groundnuts etc)
2013	First Minority Sarpanch
2013	Social unrest again due to land issue b/w some families
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SOCIAL MAP



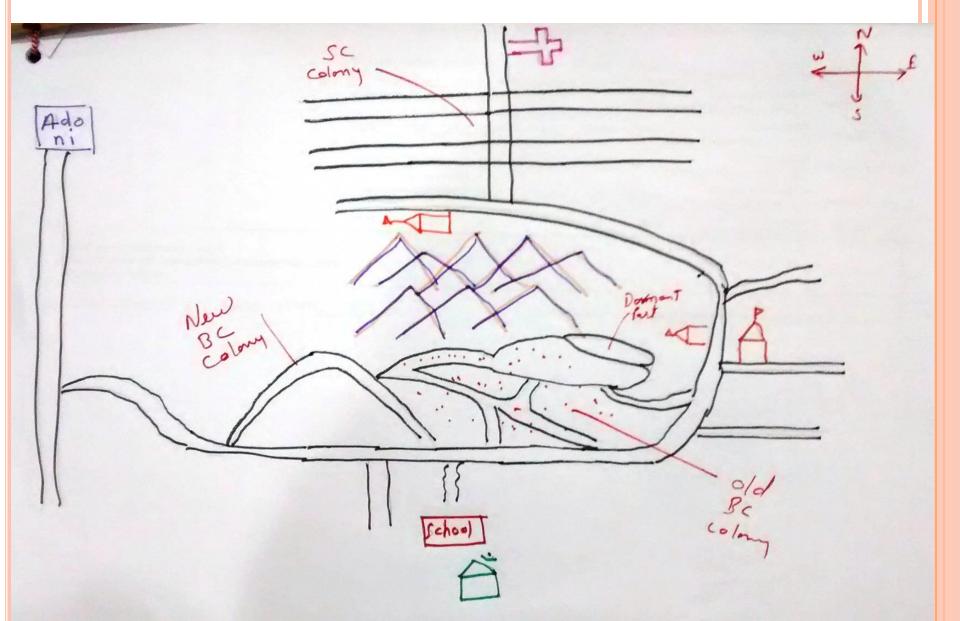








SOCIAL SET-UP



VILLAGE INFRASTRUCTURE

- Drinking water
 - * Borewells, Canal water, Water tanks
- Electricity
 - Regular electricity supply almost for 24 hours
- Road Connectivity
 - Metallic road connecting to Adoni
 - * CC road new settlements
- Drainage facilities
 - In new settlements
- Health Infrastructure
 - * ASHA worker, RMP, NO PHC or Sub PHC
- Houses and common buildings
 - Primary School, Panchayat Bhawan, Aaganwadi

AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED ACTIVITIES

- Agriculture is the main source of income and livelihood
- 75-80% of the households in the village are engaged
- geographical area 1230 acres of which 1118 acres used for agricultural
- Soil- Red and black

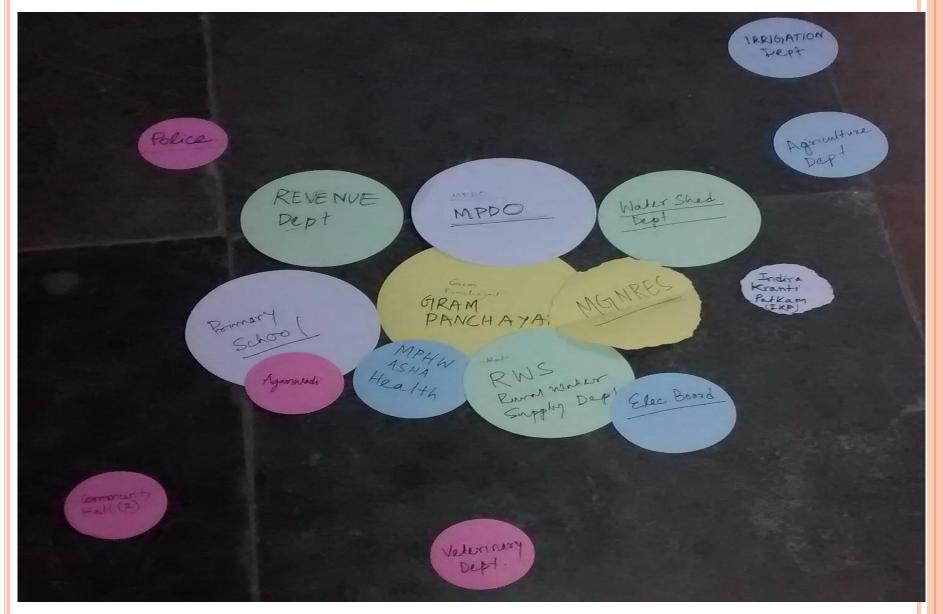
Type of farmer	No. Of	Extent in
	Holdings	Acre
Marginal (< 2.47 acre)	80	124.17
Small(2.47-4.93)	51	184.74
Semi-Medium (4.94-9.87)	25	158.4
Medium (9.88-24.70)	5	75.11
Large (>24.70)	2	55.56
Total	163	597.98

MAJOR CROPS, SEASONALITY, SHOWING SEASON, RELATIVE PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND MARKET PRICES

			1					ı			1				
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		summer			rainy			winter							
	relative production (***** bench													production	Market
Crop/month	mark)	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	per acre	price
Cotton	*****													6-8 qt	4000-4300
Bajara	**													5-6 qt	1300-1500
Jawar *	****													4-5 qt	2200-2400
Tuar	**													3 qt	5000-6000
Groundnuts	*													4-5 qt	2000-3000
Cucumber	****													30 qt	1000
Tomato	**													150 qt	1000
Onion	***													100 qt	1000-1400
Rice/paddy	*													30 qt	1400-1600
Brinjal	****													150 qt	1000
Sugarcane	*													40 ton	1500
Gungora (amadi)	****														
Congani (koralu)	*													5-6 qt	2000
Aajwain (wamu)*	***													2-3 qt	9000-14000
Gram*															
Sunflower*									_						
Ragi															

OBSERVATION, ACTION PLAN AND SUGGESTIONS

CHAPATI ANALYSIS



RANKING OF MAJOR PROBLEMS FACED IN THE VILLAGE BY MALE, FEMALE AND GENERAL

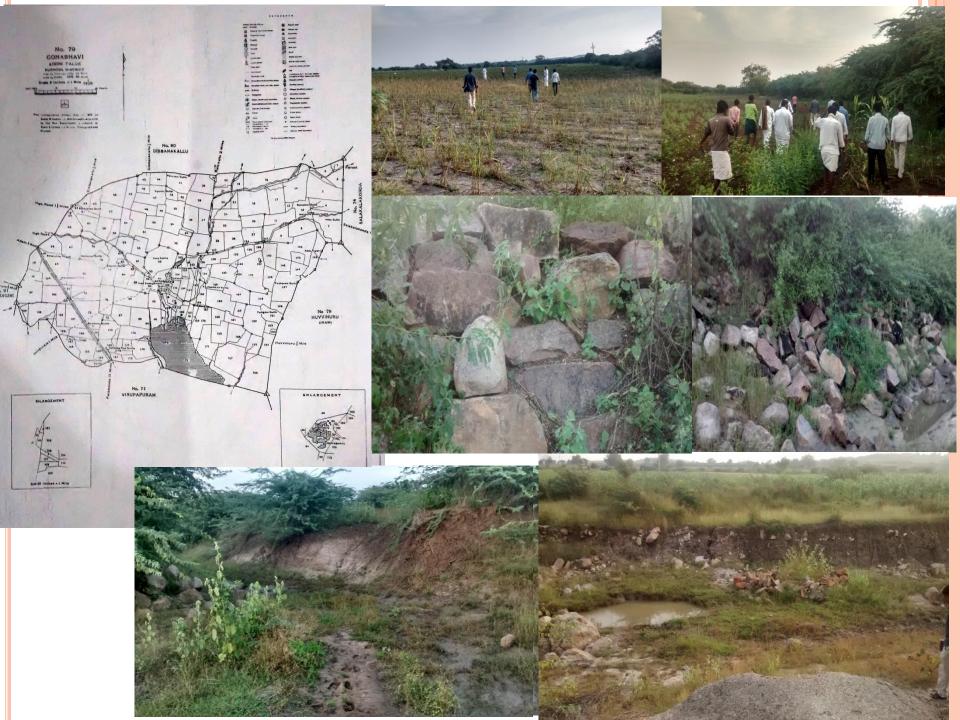
Problem/Name	Male average	Rank	Female average	Rank	General average	Rank
Drinking water	2.86	2	2.77	1	2.81	1
Irrigation facilities	2.79	1	3.46	3	3.11	2
Poverty/unemployment	4.57	5	2.85	2	3.74	3
Drainage/street light	3.71	3	4.23	4	3.96	4
Education	4.36	4	5.08	5	4.70	5
Sanitation/latrine	5.64	7	5.31	6	5.48	6
Health	5.29	6	5.85	7	5.56	7
Bank facilities	7.43	8	7.46	8	7.44	8
Electricity	9.14	9	8.62	9	8.89	9
Liquoring	9.21	10	9.38	10	9.30	10

RANKING OF CAUSE OF POVERTY IN THE VILLAGE BY MALE, FEMALE AND GENERAL

	Male	D 1	Female	D 1	General	D 1
Cause of poverty	average	Rank	average	Rank	average	Rank
Lack of irrigation facilities	2.43	1	2.46	1	2.44	1
Landlessness	3.07	3	2.69	2	2.89	2
Political ignorance	2.64	2	3.15	3	2.89	2
Illiteracy	3.21	4	3.62	4	3.41	4
Lack of training	3.64	5	4.15	5	3.89	5
Gambling and liquoring	6.00	6	4.92	6	5.48	6

ACTION PLAN AND SUGGESTIONS

- Rejuvenate the old and existing water pond
- Better drinking water facilities
- Use of modern cultivation practices including HYV
- Development of watershed
- Construction of Toilets for better sanitation
- School and Mid-day meal
- Skill development to get job in non-farm sector
- Proper drainage facility
- Community Toilets
- Awareness regarding benefits of sanitation



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AGANWADI



AGANWADI COOK AND ASHA WORKER





REPORT WRITING TIME

